



Vidya Bhawan balika Vidyapeeth shakti utthan aashram Lakhisarai

Revision Class-10th

(Based on N C E R T pattern)

Date:- 14.03.21.

History

Nationalism in India

Question 1.

Why did Gandhiji decide to withdraw the Non-Cooperation Movement' in February, 1922? Explain any three reasons.

Answer:

In February 1922, Gandhiji decided to launch a no tax movement. The police opened fire at the people who were taking part in a demonstration, without any provocation. The people turned violent in their anger and attacked the police station and set fire to it. The incident took place at Chauri Chaura in Uttar Pradesh. When the news reached Gandhiji, he decided to call off the Non-cooperation movement as he felt that it was turning violent and that the satyagrahis were not properly trained for mass struggle.

Question 2.

Explain any five major problems posed by the First World War in India.

Answer:

The outbreak of the First World War had created a new economic and political situation in India:

- The increased defence expenditure was financed by war loans and

by raising tax rates, custom duties, etc. There was tremendous price rise during the war years. Between 1913 and 1918, the prices had almost doubled. People, particularly common people, were facing extreme hardships.

- Forced recruitment in the army caused widespread anger in the villages.
- The failure of crops in many parts of India had created food shortages, leading to the added misery of the people.
- In addition to this, there was the outbreak of the great influenza epidemic. Millions of people perished due to influenza and starvation.
- The nationalist movement grew stronger during the war years. A large number of Muslims were drawn into the anti-British struggle during the war. The defence of the 'Caliphate' (Khilafat) became an important question for Muslims. Peasant movements during war period also had helped the nationalist movement to grow stronger.

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